ABAMECTIN 0.15EC SELECT™

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS product identifier:	Prime Source Abamectin 0.15EC	
Other means of identification:	Glycoside Insecticide (Acaricide, Miticide and Nematicide). Mixture, typically not less than 80% Avermectin B1a and not more than 20%Avermectin B1b.	
EPA Product Registration Number:	89442-20	
EPA Signal Word:	Warning.	
Product type:	Liquid.	
Identified uses:	Insecticide.	
Supplier's details:	Prime Source, LLC 4609 E. Boonville-New Harmony Road Evansville, IN 47725 Tel: 877-235-0043	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation):	CHEMTREC (24/7): U.S. :800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887 24/7 Health Emergencies: Call 800-858-7378 (National Pesticide Information Center)	

Z. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION	
OSHA/HCS status:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture:	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms:	
Signal word:	Danger.
Hazard statements:	Combustible liquid. Toxic if swallowed or if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	



General:	Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is
Prevention:	needed, have product container or label at hand. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well- ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after
Response:	handling. Collect spillage. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,
	if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage:	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise Classified:	None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients		
Substance/mixture:	Mixture	
Other means of identification:	Glycoside Insecticide (Acaricide, Miticide and Nematicide). Mixture, typically not less than 80% Avermectin B1a and not more than 20% Avermectin B1b.	
CAS number/other identifiers		
CAS number:	Not applicable.	
Product code:	Not available.	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic	60 - 100	64742-94-5
Butan-1-ol	5 – 10	71-36-3
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-[2,4,6-tris(1-phenylethyl)phenyl]-ω-hydroxy-	5 – 10	99734-09-5
Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate	1 – 5	26264-06-2
Abamectin (ISO)	1 – 5	71751-41-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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4. First aid measures	
Description of necessary fi	rst aid measures
Eye contact:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/	effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects:
Eye contact:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation:	Toxic if inhaled.
Skin contact:	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion:	Toxic if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Over-exposure signs/symp	toms
Eye contact:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths
Ingestion:	skeletal malformations Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.



Specific treatments:
Protection of first-aiders:

No specific treatment.

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media:	Use dry chemical, CO2 , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	Do not use water jet or water-based fire extinguishers.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical:	Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal	Decomposition products may include the following materials:
decomposition products:	carbon dioxide carbon monoxide Sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions	Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep
for fire-fighters:	fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

F	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
	Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from
	entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No
For non-emergency personnel:	flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide
	adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put
	on appropriate personal protective equipment.
	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information
For emergency responders:	in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".
Environmental precautions:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains
	and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental
	pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to
	the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Small spill:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
	explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively,
	or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste
	disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
	explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers,
	water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment
	plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible,

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absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on general occupational

Conditions for safe storage,

including any incompatibilities:

Protective measures:

hygiene:

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only nonsparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name Exposure limits ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 4/2013). Absorbed through skin. Butan-1-ol CEIL: 150 mg/m. CEIL: 50 ppm OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 300 mg/m. 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

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Appropriate engineering controls:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection:	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state:	Liquid.
Color:	Yellow to amber.
Odor:	Petroleum.
Odor threshold:	Not available.
pH:	3.65
Melting point:	Not available.
Boiling point:	Not available.
Flash point:	71°C (159.8°F)
Evaporation rate:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not available.



Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits:	Not available.
Vapor pressure:	Not available.
Vapor density:	Not available.
Relative density:	0.96
Solubility:	Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: noctanol/ water:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature:	Not available.
Viscosity:	Not available.

10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and reducing materials.
	Slightly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: organic materials, acids and alkalis.
Hazardous decomposition products:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m.	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
Calcium	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
dodecylbenzenesulphonate	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
Abamectin (ISO)	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	1100 mg/m.	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.5 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 μL	-
aromatic	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 mL	-
Butan-1-ol	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 mg	-

Sensitization

There is no data available.



Carcinogenicity There is no data available.

	Category	Rate of exposure	Target organs
Butan-1-ol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
	·		
Specific target organ toxicity			
Name	Category	Rate of exposure	Target organs
Abamectin (ISO)	Category 1	Not determined	nervous system
.			
Aspiration hazard Name		Result	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum)	heavy aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARE) - Category 1
	, neavy aromatic		- Calegoly 1
Information on the likely routes of exposure:	Dermal co	ntact. Eye contact. Inhala	tion. Ingestion.
Potential acute health effects	S		
Eye contact:	Causes se	erious eye irritation.	
Inhalation:	Toxic if inh	naled.	
Skin contact:	Causes sk	in irritation.	
Ingestion:			wallowed and enters airways. Irritating to m
ngoodon	throat and		
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and t		
Symptoms related to the phy Eye contact:	Adverse s pain or irrit watering	ymptoms may include the	
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Potential immediate Effects:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Long term exposure	



Potential immediateEffects:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential chronic health effects	
General:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity:	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Route	ATE value
Oral	240.5 mg/kg
Dermal	34000 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	2.5 mg/L

12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient	Result	Species	Exposure
name			
Butan-1-ol Abamectin (ISO)	Acute EC50 1983000 to 2072000 µg/L Fresh water Acute LC50 1910000 µg/L Fresh water Acute EC50 7.3096 mg/L Fresh water Acute EC50 0.34 ppb Fresh water Acute LC50 3.6 ppb Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.03 ppb Marine water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Algae - Scenedesmus acutus var. acutus Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 48 hours 96 hours 21 days

Persistence and degradability There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic	2.8 to 6.5	99 to 5780	high
Butan-1-ol	1	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc): Other adverse effects:

Not available.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods:

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #	Status	Reference numer
Butan-1-ol	71-36-3	Listed	U031

14. Transportation information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN2902	UN2902	UN2902
UN proper shipping name	PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Abamectin (ISO))	PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Abamectin (ISO))	PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Abamectin (ISO))
Transport hazard class(es)	6.1 POISON 6	6.1	6.1
Packing group		111	111
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.
Additional information	Reportable quantity 25000 lbs / 11350 kg [3123.3 gal / 11822 9 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

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Special precautions for user:

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. Not available.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:

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15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal regulations:

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs): Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances: Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances: DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals): DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) <u>SARA 302/304</u> <u>Composition/information on ingredients</u> No products were found. SARA 311/312 TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined. Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate Not listed Not listed Not listed Not listed Not listed Not listed

Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Butan-1-ol	5 - 10	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate	1 - 5	No	No	No	Yes	No
Abamectin (ISO)	1 - 5	No	No	No	Yes	Yes

SARA 313

Classification

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting	Butan-1-ol	71-36-3	5 - 10
requirements	Abamectin (ISO)	71751-41-2	1 - 5
Supplier notification	Butan-1-ol	71-36-3	5 – 10
	Abamectin (ISO)	71751-41-2	1 - 5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

 State regulations

 Massachusetts:
 The following components are listed: Butan-1-ol; Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate

 New York:
 The following components are listed: Butan-1-ol; Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate

 New Jersey:
 The following components are listed: Butan-1-ol; Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate

 New Jersey:
 The following components are listed: Butan-1-ol; Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate

 Abamectin (ISO)
 The following components are listed: Butan-1-ol; Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate

 California Prop. 65
 Following components are listed: Butan-1-ol; Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Abamectin (ISO)	No	No	No	Yes



International regulations

International lists:	Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory: Not determined. Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals: Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals: Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals:	Not listed
	Not listed
	Not listed

16. Other Information

History	
Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy:	02/15/2014
Version:	1
Revised Section(s)	Not applicable.
Prepared by:	KMK Regulatory Services Inc.
Key to abbreviations	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.